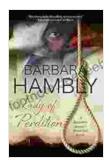
Lady of Perdition: The Story of Benjamin January 17



Lady of Perdition (Benjamin January Book 17)

by Barbara Hambly

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 4.6 out of 5 Language : English File size : 575 KB Text-to-Speech : Enabled Screen Reader : Supported Enhanced typesetting: Enabled X-Ray : Enabled Word Wise : Enabled Print length : 254 pages



Benjamin January 17 was a notorious pirate who terrorized the Caribbean in the 18th century. Nicknamed the Lady of Perdition, she was known for her ruthlessness and cunning. This article explores the life and legend of Benjamin January 17, from her early days as a slave to her rise to power as a pirate captain.

Early Life

Benjamin January 17 was born into slavery in Jamaica in the early 18th century. Her early life is shrouded in mystery, but it is believed that she was sold to a wealthy planter at a young age. She was subjected to harsh treatment and abuse, which likely fueled her desire for freedom and revenge.

In her early twenties, Benjamin January 17 escaped from her enslaver and fled to the Caribbean island of Tortuga. Tortuga was a haven for pirates and outlaws, and it was here that Benjamin January 17 began her life of piracy.

Rise to Power

Benjamin January 17 quickly rose through the ranks of the pirate community. She was known for her intelligence, courage, and ruthlessness. She was also a skilled navigator and tactician. Within a few years, she had become one of the most feared pirates in the Caribbean.

In 1717, Benjamin January 17 was elected captain of her own ship, the Lady of Perdition. She and her crew terrorized the Caribbean for several years, raiding merchant ships and plundering coastal towns.

The Lady of Perdition

The Lady of Perdition was a formidable ship. It was armed with 12 cannons and had a crew of over 100 men. Benjamin January 17 was a skilled captain, and she knew how to use her ship to her advantage.

The Lady of Perdition was feared throughout the Caribbean. Merchant ships would often change course to avoid it, and coastal towns would be evacuated at the first sign of its approach.

Downfall

Benjamin January 17's reign of terror came to an end in 1722. She was captured by the British navy and taken to Port Royal, Jamaica, where she was put on trial for piracy.

Benjamin January 17 was found guilty and sentenced to death. She was hanged on November 17, 1722, at the age of 35.

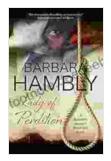
Legacy

Benjamin January 17 is remembered as one of the most notorious pirates of the Golden Age of Piracy. She was a fearless and ruthless leader, and her story continues to fascinate people to this day.

Benjamin January 17 has been featured in numerous books, movies, and television shows. She is a symbol of the power and danger of piracy, and her story is a reminder of the harsh realities of life in the 18th century Caribbean.

Benjamin January 17 was a complex and fascinating figure. She was a slave who escaped to freedom, a pirate who terrorized the Caribbean, and a woman who was ultimately hanged for her crimes.

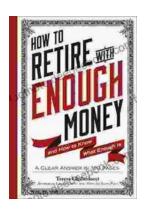
Her story is a reminder that even in the darkest of times, hope can prevail. It is also a reminder that the path to freedom is often paved with danger and sacrifice.



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